UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 10/690,169 | 10/21/2003 | R. Kent Hermsmeyer | HME/7961.0013 | 3934 |
| | 7590 07/31/200 ENBERG, ESQ. | EXAMINER | | |
| 1220 LIMBERI | LOST LANE | | RAMACHANDRAN, UMAMAHESWARI | |
| GLADWYNE, PA 19035 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 1617 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 07/31/2008 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | A Par Care No. | A P (1-) | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
| | 10/690,169 | HERMSMEYER, R. KENT | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | UMAMAHESWARI RAMACHANDRAN | 1617 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply | on appears on the cover sheet wit | th the correspondence address | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re on. period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AB | CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. EANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on | 14 April 2008. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| · — | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the applic 4a) Of the above claim(s) 17-23 is/are with 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a | hdrawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa | aminer. | | | | | |
| 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection t | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the c | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International B * See the attached detailed Office action for | ments have been received. ments have been received in A e priority documents have been sureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | pplication No received in this National Stage | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | | Summary (PTO-413) | | | | |
| 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | | s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application | | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim 1 has been amended and claims 17-23 are withdrawn from consideration.

Claims 1-16 are currently pending and are being examined on the merits herein.

Response to Remarks

The rejection of claim 1 under U.S.C 112(2) is withdrawn due to the amendment of claim 1. Applicants' arguments regarding the rejections of claims 1-16 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. and rejection of claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph (enablement) have been fully considered and found not to be persuasive. Applicants' amendments necessitated the modified rejections presented in this office action. Accordingly, the action is made Final.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 1 is directed to a method for reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of a selective estrogen beta

Application/Control Number: 10/690,169

Page 3

Art Unit: 1617

receptor agonist that has a higher relative selectivity than does genistein for estrogen receptor beta compared to estrogen receptor alpha. The specification of the instant application (page 5, last 5 lines of the specification) teach the compounds (derivative forms of 3βAdiol) pertain particularly to estrogen receptor beta agonists that are selective over estrogen receptor alpha. Example 8 and Figure 3 teaches the estrogen beta receptor activity of several compounds including tamoxifen, 17-β estradiol, estriol, 3βAdiol and epiestriol. Example 8 indicates that epiestriol and 3βAdiol are selective for estrogen beta over estrogen alpha receptors and have beta receptor activity similar to that of estriol and estradiol. The specification provides support that the compounds epiestriol and 3βAdiol have selectivity towards estrogen beta receptor compared to estrogen alpha receptor. The specification has data for persistent protection of VMC in vitro by estriol (example 7) but the specification does not provide support that all estrogen beta receptor agonist that has a higher relative selectivity than does genistein for estrogen beta receptor compared to estrogen alpha receptor has been administered to a patient in a method of reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity. The specification does not provide support that all the estrogen beta receptor agonist that has a higher relative selectivity than that of genistein for estrogen receptor beta compared to estrogen receptor alpha is useful in a method of reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity in a patient.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or

Application/Control Number: 10/690,169

Art Unit: 1617

with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Page 4

Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for estriol (examples 3 and 4) in a method of treating vasospasm and effect of estriol on diameter of coronary arteries does not reasonably provide enablement of reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of a selective estrogen beta receptor agonist that has a higher relative selectivity than that of genistein for estrogen receptor beta compared to estrogen receptor alpha. The specification teach comparison of effects of estriol with 3βAdiol and epiestriol in vitro on Ca2+ responses in rhesus coronary VMC (example 9) and comparison of different estrogen beta receptor agonists (genistein, DPN). The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The instant specification fails to provide information that would allow the skilled artisan to practice the instant invention without undue experimentation. Attention is directed to In re Wands, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (CAFC 1988) at 1404 where the court set forth the eight factors to consider when assessing if a disclosure would have required undue experimentation. Citing Ex parte Forman, 230 USPQ 546 (BdApls 1986) at 547 the court recited eight factors:

(1) the nature of the invention; (2) the state of the prior art; (3) the relative skill of those in the art; (4) the predictability or unpredictability of the art; (5) the breadth of the claims;

Art Unit: 1617

(6) the amount of direction or guidance presented; (7) the presence or absence of working examples; and (8) the quantity of experimentation necessary.

(1) The nature of the Invention:

The rejected claim is drawn to a method of reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of a selective estrogen beta receptor agonist that has a higher relative selectivity than that of genistein for estrogen receptor beta compared to estrogen receptor alpha.

(2) Breadth of the claims:

Claims 1- 16 are broad as they are drawn to a method of reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of a selective estrogen beta receptor agonist that has a higher relative selectivity than that of genistein for estrogen receptor beta compared to estrogen receptor alpha. The complex nature of the subject matter of this invention is greatly exacerbated by the breadth of the claims.

(3) Guidance of the Specification:

The guidance given by the specification to a method of reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity in a patient is 1) estriol in a method of treating vasospasm and effect of estriol on diameter of coronary arteries (examples 3 and 4) 2) comparison of effects of estriol with 3βAdiol and epiestriol in vitro on Ca2+ responses in rhesus coronary VMC (example 9) and comparison of different estrogen beta receptor agonists (genistein, DPN) 3) Measurement of estrogen receptor beta activity.

Application/Control Number: 10/690,169 Page 6

Art Unit: 1617

(4) Working Examples:

The specification provides example to a method of treating vasospasm by administration of the drug epiestriol and its effect on diameter of coronary arteries. The prior art teaches genistein and estradiol in a method of treating vasospasm and reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity in a patient.

5) The relative skill of those in the art:

The relative skill of those in the medical treatment art is high, requiring advanced education and training.

(6) The predictability of art:

Claims 1- 16 are broad as they are drawn to a method of reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of a selective estrogen beta receptor agonist that has a higher relative selectivity than that of genistein for estrogen receptor beta compared to estrogen receptor alpha. The claims are so broad and there is a high degree of unpredictability involved. Despite the advanced training in the medical treatment arts, the arts are highly unpredictable.

(7) The Quantity of Experimentation Necessary:

In order to practice the above claimed invention, one of ordinary skill in the art would have to first envision formulation, dosage, duration, route and, in the case of human treatment, an appropriate animal model system to test all the compounds for their selectivity towards estrogen receptors and then whether they have higher selectivity than does genistein for estrogen receptor beta compared to estrogen

Page 7

Art Unit: 1617

receptor alpha. Then the compounds need to be tested for their usefulness in a method of reducing the incidence or severity of vascular hyperreactivity in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of the drug. If unsuccessful, one of ordinary skill in the art would have to envision a modification in the formulation, dosage, duration, route of administration etc. and appropriate animal model system, or envision an entirely new combination of the above and test the system again. The specification enables the treatment of vasospasm with estriol and shows comparison of estrogen receptor activities of few compounds namely, estriol, 3βAdiol, DPN, genistein and epiestriol. Claim 1 compass a huge number of selective estrogen receptor beta agonists other than the compounds listed in the specification and therefore, it would require undue, unpredictable experimentation to practice the claimed invention of comprising administering every single selective estrogen beta receptor agonist that has higher selectivity than does genistein for estrogen receptor beta compared to estrogen receptor alpha.. Genetech, 108 F.3d at 1366 states that "a patent is not a hunting license. It is not a reward for search, but compensation for its successful conclusion" and "patent protection is granted in return for an enabling disclosure of an invention, not for vague intimations of general ideas that may or may not be workable".

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the rejections of the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the modified rejections necessitated by Applicants' amendments.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Applicant's amendment of claims necessitated the modified rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Umamaheswari Ramachandran whose telephone number is 571-272-9926. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan can be reached on 571-272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/690,169 Page 9

Art Unit: 1617

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/SREENI PADMANABHAN/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1617